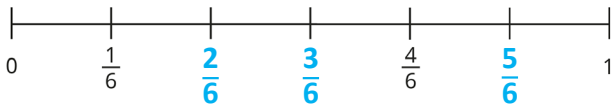
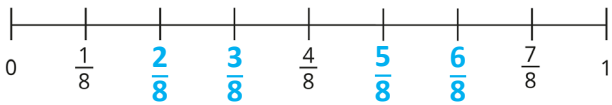
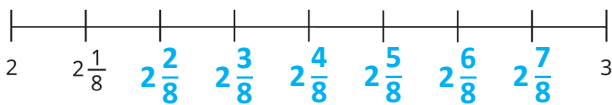
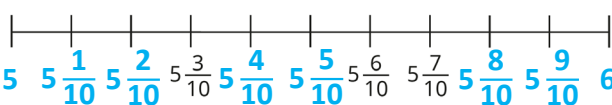
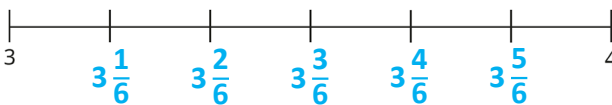
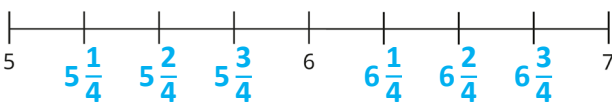
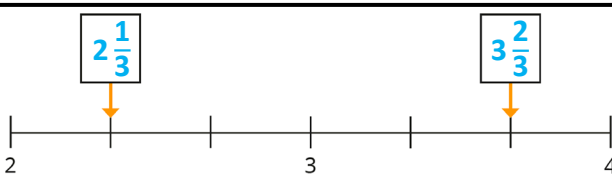
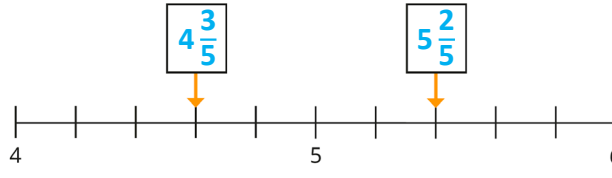
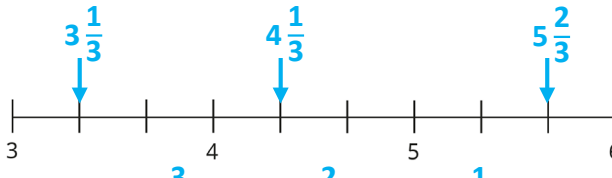
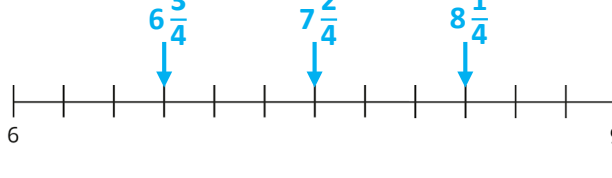
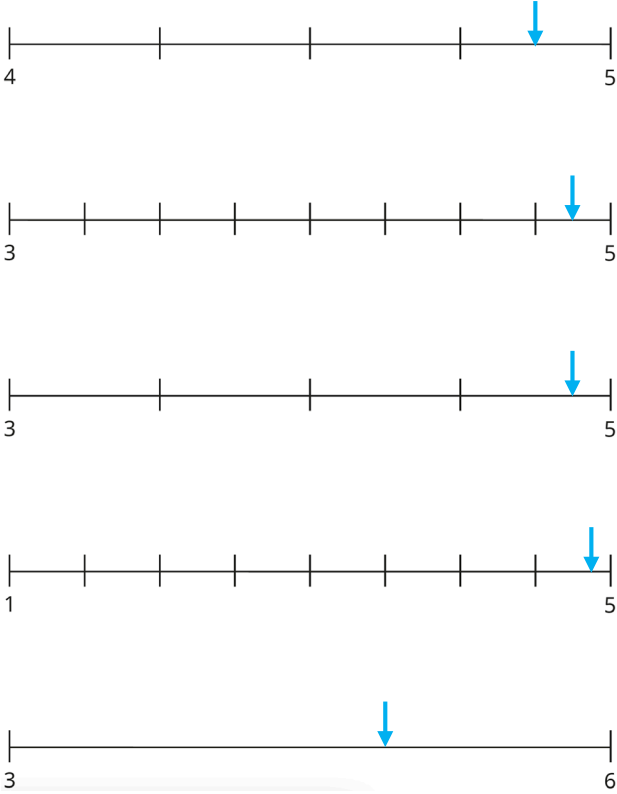


Question	Answer
1	<p>a) </p> <p>b) </p> <p>c) </p> <p>d) </p>
2	<p>a) </p> <p>b) </p>
3	<p>a) </p> <p>b) </p>
4	<p>a) </p> <p>b) </p>

Question	Answer
5	<p>a) <math>4\frac{1}{4}</math> is to the <b>left</b> of the midpoint.</p> <p>b) <math>4\frac{9}{10}</math> is to the <b>right</b> of the midpoint.</p> <p>c) <math>4\frac{23}{24}</math> is to the <b>right</b> of the midpoint.</p> <p>d) <math>4\frac{2}{18}</math> is to the <b>left</b> of the midpoint.</p> <p>The midpoint is at <math>4\frac{1}{2}</math> so if the numerator is less than half of the denominator then the mixed number will lie to the left of the midpoint.</p>
6	<div><p>The figure shows five horizontal number lines, each with a blue arrow pointing to a specific position. The first line is labeled 4 and 5, with an arrow pointing to the midpoint. The second line is labeled 3 and 5, with an arrow pointing to the midpoint. The third line is labeled 3 and 5, with an arrow pointing to the midpoint. The fourth line is labeled 1 and 5, with an arrow pointing to the midpoint. The fifth line is labeled 3 and 6, with an arrow pointing to the midpoint.</p></div> <p>Children’s answers are likely to differ slightly because they are all estimates.</p>